

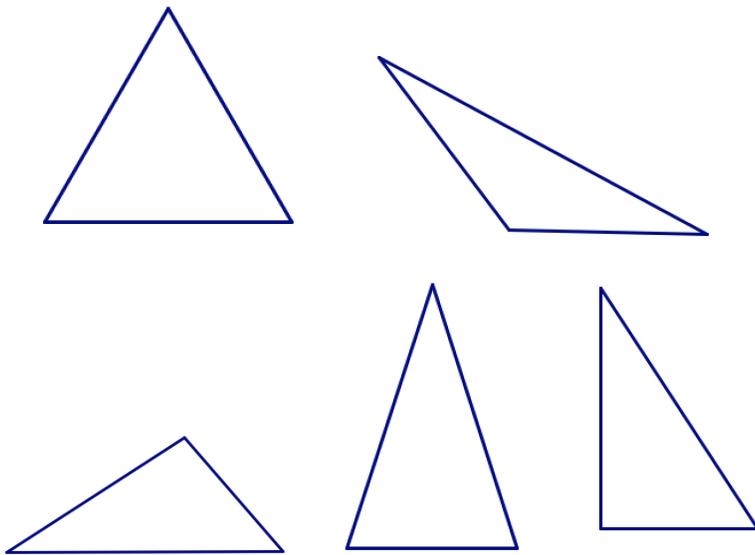
# Lattice Polygons

From *Geometry: A Guide for Teachers*  
*Mathematical Circles Library*  
by Judith and Paul Sally.

Warm-up 1: How many ways can you make change for a dollar using only dimes, nickels, and pennies?  
Using dimes, nickels, pennies, and quarters?

Warm-up 2:

1. What is a right triangle? How do you find its area?
2. What is an equilateral triangle?
3. What is an isosceles triangle?
4. What is a scalene triangle?
5. What is a polygon?



A lattice point is a point where there is a peg on the geoboard, or a point where grid lines cross on graph paper, or a point marked with a dot on lattice paper.

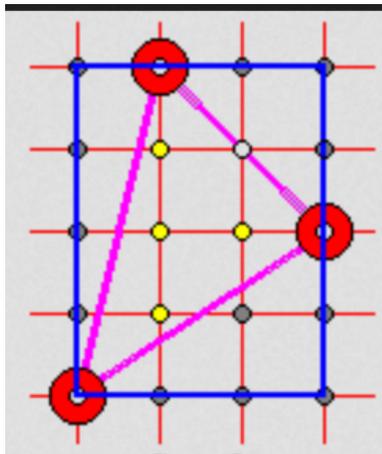
A lattice square is a square with all vertices at lattice points; a lattice triangle is a triangle with all vertices at lattice points. What do you think a lattice polygon is?

# 1 Lattice Triangles and Their Areas

- Construct
  - a lattice right triangle
  - a lattice isosceles triangle
  - a lattice scalene triangle
- Construct a lattice right triangle with legs that are neither horizontal nor vertical. How do you know it is a right triangle?
- For each of your triangles, calculate the area. Hint: sometimes it is easier to calculate the area *outside* the triangle instead of the area *inside* the triangle.
- For each triangle, count the number of pegs inside the triangle (call this  $I$ ). Count the number of pegs that are on the boundary edges or vertices of the triangle (call this  $B$ ). Fill in the chart.
- Do you notice any patterns between area,  $I$ , and  $B$ ?

Triangle	Area	$I$	$B$
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			

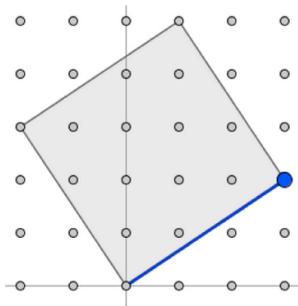
Example:  $I = 4$ ,  $B = 4$ , Area = 5



- Does the relationship you found work for other shapes besides triangles?
- How many ways can you make change for a dollar using only dimes, nickels, and pennies? Using dimes, nickels, pennies, and quarters? Hint: chart out the options of dimes and nickels on lattice paper.

## 2 Lattice Squares

1. Assume each square of the graph paper has area 1. Draw a lattice square with
  - (a) area 1
  - (b) area 4
  - (c) area 36
  
2. Is it possible to draw a lattice square with
  - (a) area 2?
  - (b) area 3?
  - (c) area 5?
  
3. What is the area of this square?



4. What numbers are possible for the areas of lattice squares?

Area	Possible?	Area	Possible?	Area	Possible?
1		11		21	
2		12		22	
3		13		23	
4		14		24	
5		15		25	
6		16		26	
7		17		27	
8		18		28	
9		19		29	
10		20		30	